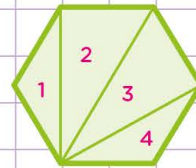


Name: ..... Class: .....

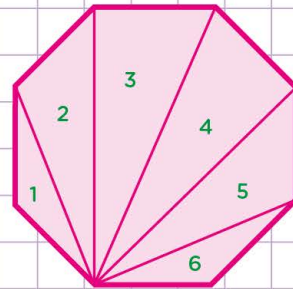
## Sums of angles in polygons

Remember that the sum of the angles in a triangle is always **180°**.

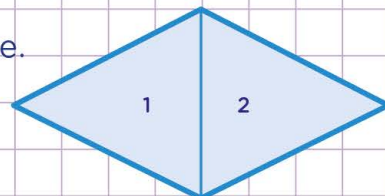
1. Determine the sum of angle measure in this shape.



2. Determine the sum of angle measure in this shape.



3. Determine the sum of angle measure in this shape.

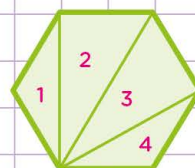


Name: ..... Class: .....

## Sums of angles in polygons

Remember that the sum of the angles in a triangle is always  $180^\circ$ .

1. Determine the sum of angle measure in this shape.



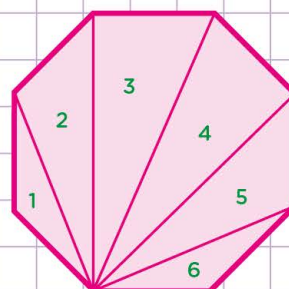
► **Step 1:** Find out how many triangles make up a hexagon: **4 triangles.**

► **Step 2:** multiply 4 triangles by  $180^\circ$ .  
 $4 \times 180^\circ = 720^\circ$ .

So, the angle measures of a hexagon is

**$720^\circ$**

2. Determine the sum of angle measure in this shape.



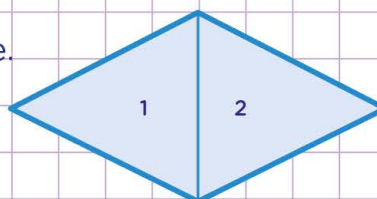
► **Step 1:** Find out how many triangles make up an octagon: **6 triangles.**

► **Step 2:** multiply 6 triangles by  $180^\circ$ .  
 $6 \times 180^\circ = 1,080^\circ$ .

So, the angle measures of a octagon is

**$1,080^\circ$**

3. Determine the sum of angle measure in this shape.



► **Step 1:** Find out how many triangles make up a quadrilateral: **2 triangles.**

► **Step 2:** multiply 2 triangles by  $180^\circ$ .  
 $2 \times 180^\circ = 360^\circ$ .

So, the angle measures of this quadrilateral is

**$360^\circ$**